The Present Continuous Tense

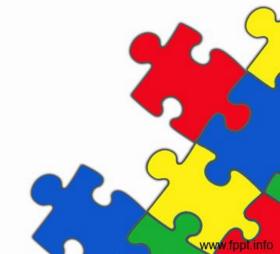
Use and form

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What is she doing?

• She is reading a book.



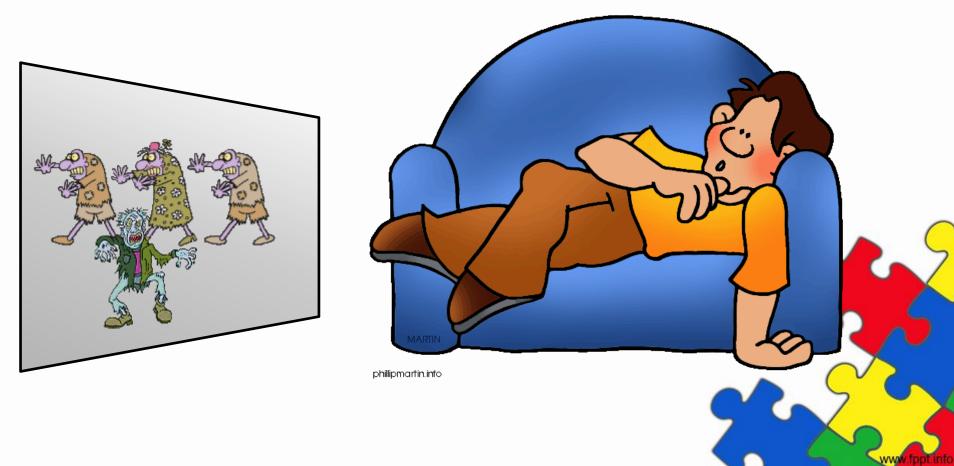






What's he doing?

• He's watching TV.



Where's he going?

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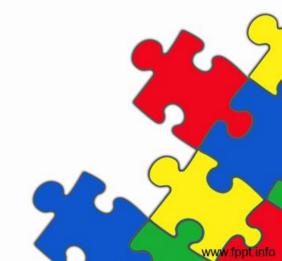
• He's going to school.



And what are you doing right now?

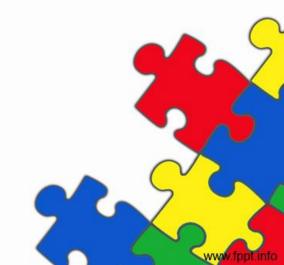
• We are studying English grammar.



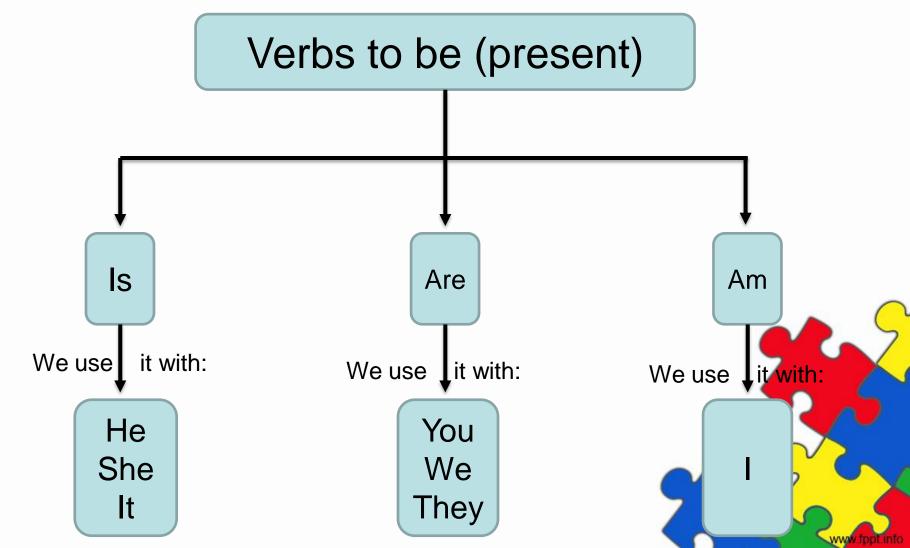


The Present Continuous:

 The previous examples show that we use this tense to denote an action happening at the time of speaking (adverbs: now, right now, at the moment)



 In order to form sentences using this tense, we need to use the 'verbs to be' family:



Form – am, is, are + ing form

- Positive
- I <u>am sleeping</u>. He/she/it <u>is sleeping</u>. You/we/they <u>are sleeping</u>.
- Negative
- I <u>am not (I'm not) singing</u>.
- He/she/it is not (isn't) singing.
- You/we/they are not (aren't) singing

Form - continued

- Questions (we switch the subject with the helping verb)
- <u>Am I dreaming</u>?
- <u>Is</u> he/she/it <u>dreaming</u>?
- <u>Are</u> you/we/they <u>dreaming</u>?
- Short answers
- Yes, I am/he is/we are...
- No, I'm not/he isn't/we aren't...



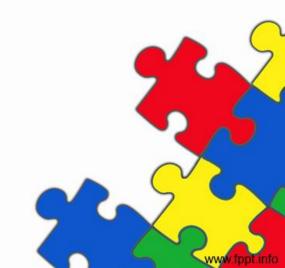
ing form - spelling rules

- Most verbs just take -ing with no changes in spelling: watch-watching, clean-cleaning, listen-listening
- Verbs ending in -e drop it before -ing: live-living, write-writing
- Verbs with short vowels and one consonant double the consonant:

run-running, swim-swimming

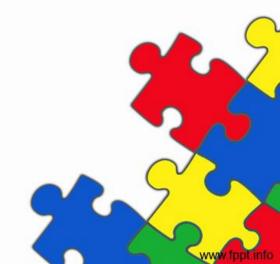
ing form - spelling rules

- Verbs ending in -l, double it: traveltravelling, cancel-cancelling
- Verbs ending in -ie change it to -y: lielying, die-dying



Add the -ing

- Camp.....
- Swim.....
- Travel.....
- Walk.....
- Have.....
- Write.....
- Cook.....
- Shop.....



Complete the sentences with **present continuous**.

- His dad and brother
 (cycle) to the shop.
- 2. We (not travel) to Japan.
- 3. Mark (stay) at home.
- 4. They (not swim) in the sea.
- 5. She (not watch) TV